

FIRE & FLOOD RESILIENCE • PROGRAM PROPOSAL

WE RISE TOGETHER

Lifting resilience in Australia by 2025 so fires and floods never become disasters



Photo credit: Jessica Wyld

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FOREWORD

Before you even consider the loss of life and the hideous impact on our environment, wildfires and floods are projected to cost \$33 billion per year by 2050. They cost the United States \$100 billion a year – right now.

These disasters will increase in frequency and severity in the coming years. We must say, 'Enough is enough' and put an end to communities going up in flames, forests being reduced to moonscapes and endangered species being wiped out.

Resilience is the ability of a system, community or society to adapt and transform from the effects of a hazard.

Our team has spent the past 12 months building a scalable program aimed at lifting national resilience against fires and floods by 2025 and driving exceptional results. It answers questions like: 'What if we can put out any dangerous

fire within an hour?' 'What if every community has the skills and resources to cope with fire and flood disasters?' And 'what if we can improve our landscapes' adaption to fires and floods and measure landscapes in such a way that we can unlock new economic models for natural capital investment for disaster resilience?'

The Fire and Flood Resilience initiative is underpinned by three interlocked Apollo style missions: Fire Shield, Resilient Communities, Healthy Landscapes. We will go where the evidence takes us through the Resilience Data Collective – a common, trusted system for sharing data to support decision making and action. These are based on ground truth, scientific evidence and trusted input from 55 partners across community, corporate, government, research and philanthropy sectors.

This robust program is the first focused and coordinated global effort to achieve the change required. The initial focus is on Australia, and we will establish a sister program in the US and scale activities globally between now and 2025.

We cannot allow ourselves to be in this same position, in 2025. We have the resources, will, talent and expertise to make impact and this can only be achieved together – with our growing team of partners.

Enduring change at speed and with scale is needed across all sectors and at a global level. Our children, our environment and future generations risk a dangerous future without us taking action.

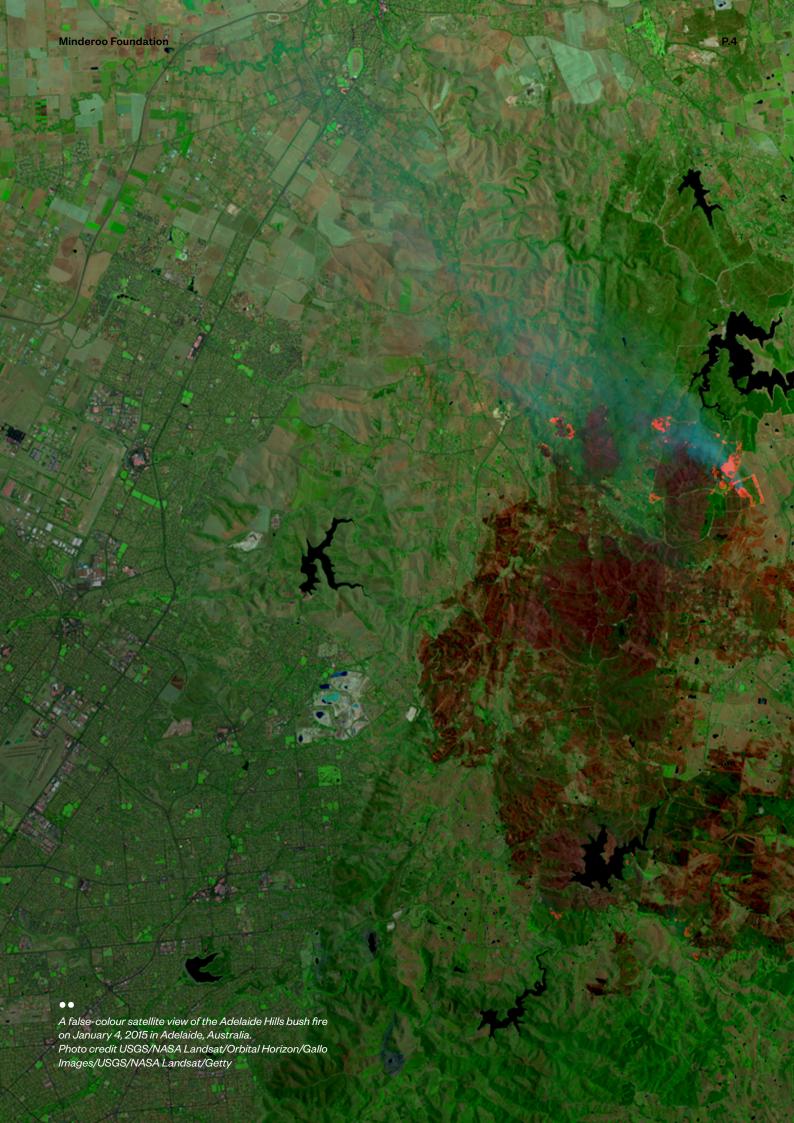
We will never give up until the job is done.

Dr Andrew Forrest AO

Chairman

Nicola Forrest AO

Co-Chair



LETTER FROM THE CEO

Welcome to Minderoo Foundation's Fire and Flood Resilience initiative.

This initiative could not be more timely, following the catastrophic California wildfires, Australia's Black Summer bushfires of 2020 and more recently the Perth Hills bushfires in Western Australia in 2021.

Andrew and Nicola Forrest have written a powerful call to arms to increase funding towards our resilience against fires and floods so we can reduce the harm caused by these events by 2025.

We must target the root cause of these recurring disasters.

The Fire and Flood Resilience initiative's program is already achieving this and offers unparalleled potential.

We are calling on leading corporations and funders to take up an opportunity to co-contribute in an evidence-based program with other leading stakeholders to make a generational difference. As part of this you will be exposed to knowledge and expertise in relation to the application of emerging technologies and to a new model for driving systemic change, through the Missions model. Through collaborating with other leading stakeholders, we can multiply the impact across specific programs and align with your priorities.

The initiative will lobby for policy changes where necessary and given the scale will become a powerful voice for influence. You will be able to build relationships with talent across



different sectors, gain exposure to global best practices in tackling disaster resilience, and have the ability to influence the geographic prioritisation of projects.

We are committed to driving societal, environmental and economic impact. The program is structured to measure progress through a range of indicators and to be transparent in everything we do.

Our Mission level objectives and quarterly targets are explicitly linked to impact. We will report on the scale of impact across the program streams, the financial impact of the co-contribution and the savings on response and recovery - which we call the Resilience Offset. The Fire and Flood Resilience Blueprint and Resilience Data Collective provide the evidence base to validate and measure outcomes between now and 2025.

Our initiative leaders are among the most talented in the world. Our team has a strong international track record of delivering multi-disciplinary projects with emerging science and technology, partnerships and policy change across industry and government. Their speed, determination and work ethic to make a lasting difference is inspiring.

We are grateful for our partners who have contributed to the development of this robust program, at this pivotal moment in time in which resilience must be developed and global action is needed.

Andrew Hagger

Hohen Jagger

Chief Executive Officer, Minderoo Foundation and Tattarang



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ABOUT US

In the aftermath of the Black Summer Bushfires, on January 9th, 2020, the Minderoo Foundation Fire and Flood Resilience initiative was established, with an AU\$70 million commitment for bushfire response, recovery and resilience. We are seeking to grow the investment towards resilience.

Our vision is audacious. We want to reduce harm caused by fire and floods by harnessing the collective power of communities, industry, government, philanthropy and the research sector to lift Australia to be the global leader in disaster resilience by 2025.

We listened and we learned from the communities that we supported across the East Coast of Australia in the aftermath of the Black Summer bushfires, and applied these insights into our strategy going forward for the initiative. In September 2020, we co-developed a Fire and Flood Resilience Blueprint with 55 partners, which provides the evidence base for a work program currently being delivered from now to 2025.

We are investing in a combination of system interventions to make sure fires and floods never become disasters for people and places that are vulnerable.

In the event of a fire or flood, we have adaptable plans in place ahead of time to determine how we respond and what recovery activities we conduct, while we continue to focus on national resilience and achieving our ambitious 2025 objectives with our partners.

 Every dollar invested in resilience saves US\$4-11 in response and recovery.



Figure 1: The Resilience Offset is the savings in response and recovery costs, as a result of investment in resilience. Source BCG

NATURAL DISASTERS INCREASE IN FREQUENCY, SEVERITY & SCALE



1N 2020 24.7 MIL

Acres burned in Australia

IN 2020

4.1 MIL

Acres burned in the USA

•

Figure 2: Source BCG





Our Blueprint identifies three missions, to be achieved by 2025:

FIRE SHIELD

What if a fire never became a disaster?

Mission: reduce the scale and impact of bushfires by being able to extinguish dangerous fires within an hour by 2025.

RESILIENT COMMUNITIES

What if every community had the skills and resources to mitigate their disaster risk and bounce back stronger?

Mission: lift Australia's 50 most vulnerable communities to be on par with Australia's 50 most resilient communities by 2025.

HEALTHY LANDSCAPES

What if our environment was optimised for risk reduction and natural ecosystem resilience?

Mission: halve hazard exposure in Australia's 50 most fire and flood prone regions by 2025.









Minderoo Foundation's Fire and Flood Resilience initiative shares a common goal with AFAC of seeing an Australia that is more resilient to natural disaster. Our partnership on the blueprint and missions allows us to bring together the expertise of emergency services with the support and diverse experience of the Fire and Flood Resilience partners. We look forward to working together in the important next stage of the initiative.

Stuart Ellis AM

Chief Executive Officer, Australasian Fire and Emergency Services Authorities Council





FIRE SHIELD

What if a fire never became a disaster?

We aim to reduce the scale and impact of bushfires by being able to extinguish dangerous fires within an hour by 2025.

Fires become more difficult to extinguish the longer they burn and the larger they become. Using the most advanced technologies in remote sensing, machine learning and autonomous vehicles, the Fire Shield Mission focuses on four key areas:



Detect Achieving early and accurate

detection and monitoring of fires

from ground, air or space

Share Share information in real time

for immediate decisions

Predict Better predict what fires will do

Respond quickly to extinguish fire

which is deemed to be a threat

In doing so it aims to dramatically reduce the impact of fires on communities and landscapes.

Projects underway and opportunities for collaboration include: improving ground-based detection, enhancing early warning systems by activating a citizen scientist network, using bushfire science and artificial intelligence to improve detection of ignition and prediction of spread and intensity of a fire using satellite data and sensor networks, developing new capabilities for aerial response and fire suppression, and creating a national bushfire simulation capability, by standardising data and enhancing software and systems.



Australian Red Cross is pleased to partner with Minderoo Foundation's Fire and Flood Resilience. We recognise that effective response and recovery is critical, but so too is lifting resilience ahead of time, to ensure that our communities can bounce back stronger after crisis. We remain committed to working with Minderoo Foundation as missions get underway.

Andrew Coghlan

Head of Emergency Services, Australian Red Cross





RESILIENT Communities

What if every community had the skills and resources to mitigate their disaster risk and bounce back stronger?

We aim to lift Australia's 50 most vulnerable communities to be on par with Australia's 50 most resilient communities by 2025.

Empowering people in communities with the support and resources that they need to adapt and mitigate fire and flood risk in the future is key to achieving resilience. The Resilient Communities Mission focuses on four key areas:



Leadership Empower and enable local leaders to

develop and enact resilience plans

Knowledge Accelerate new models of fire

and flood resilience education, training and accreditation for

generational change

Resources Simplify access to resources before,

during and after a disaster event

Investment Accelerate new investment

models to help shift the balance of investment from recovery to

resilience

Projects underway and opportunities for collaboration include: community mentorship programs to empower local leaders to drive resilience, new models for risk sharing to ensure improved recovery, built environment resilience, and generational change through early education and new ways of volunteering.





IUCN applauds the work of Minderoo Foundation's Fire and Flood Resilience initiative. Building fire and flood resilience on this scale can only be achieved through global collaboration. We are thrilled to be a part of this esteemed group and look forward to contributing to the next stage of this initiative, to drive generational change within our natural environment.

Dr Bruno Oberle

General Director. International Union for Conservation of Nature





What if our environment was optimised for risk reduction and natural ecosystem resilience?

We aim to halve hazard exposure in Australia's 50 most fire and flood prone regions by 2025.

Fire and flood are necessary for the health of landscapes because they enable critical ecosystems to function, supporting regeneration and growth. However, the increase in severity and frequency of these disasters threatens the ability for them to have a positive impact on the environment. Local knowledge of communities is critical to conserve and protect rich cultural, historical and natural value for future generations. The Healthy Landscapes mission focused on three key areas:



Knowledge

Landscape Build a living landscape evidence base to better understand disaster risk needs of landscapes, wildlife and associated communities before, during and after disaster events.

Landscape Investment

Standardise and coordinate land management and monitoring to make it more economically viable

Landscape Action

Support locally adapted land practices, including cultural land management practices, which recognise fuel load management and ecosystem needs and provide education, skill-building and job creation

Projects underway and opportunities for collaboration include: Landscape restoration and measurement programs leading to increased investment in landscape regeneration, wildlife recovery programs to ensure long term resilience of our threatened species, building generational landscape knowledge through citizen science programs, and supporting indigenous communities to apply cultural land management practices to improve landscape health.





BUILDING A FIRE & FLOOD RESILIENCE DATA COLLECTIVE

Our future in 2025: we have a common, trusted system for sharing significant national and global fire and flood resilience data to support decision making and action.

There are critical gaps in information about our landscapes, communities and hazard levels and information and knowledge is fragmented across different sectors. Underpinning each mission, is the Resilience Data Collective, which brings together specialised stakeholders to collaborate on data, standards, and platforms to increase the availability and transparency of data. It provides the evidence base to guide the missions and provides measurement indicators to show how the missions have contributed towards lifting resilience.

The group is supporting leading research groups and common platform investments; and bringing together disparate sources of information in different formats and applying these to the problems that emergency services and other stakeholders need to solve when planning to mitigate a fire or flood event.









Using these mechanisms, the group will examine different use cases that align with Mission delivery in relation to earlier detection of fires, high risk landscapes and communities. Resources will be made available so they can be used by stakeholders across sectors.

Evidence base

Identification and analysis of data to form a baseline view of the current state with respect to initiative and mission objectives; and form the basis for investment prioritisation

Data Standards

An ecosystem of partners sharing standardised and relevant high value data into the commons.

Data Sharing

Data analysis and reporting capabilities to inform decision making for enhanced fire and flood preparedness, response, recovery, and overall resilience.

Technology Solutions

A shared secure infrastructure that supports data collection and coordinated rapid response across organisations and jurisdictions.

Several projects underway and opportunities for collaboration include:

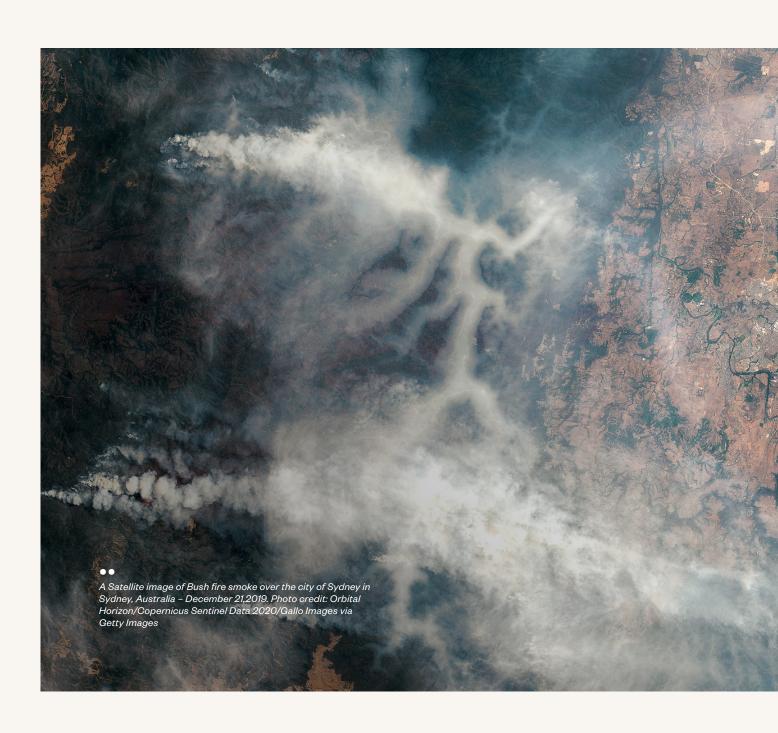
- The creation of common ways to identify, describe and record community assets at the national level
- A disaster resilience ecosystem map to help identify stakeholders and sources of information
- A hazard analysis map that provides a view into the complex layers of hazard and resilience
- An Australian Disaster Resilience Infrastructure that is publicly available and stores bushfire data to enable multi-sector research
- An enhanced disaster resilience index that provides detailed insights to guide place based
- resilience investments at the community level
- The extension of flood forecasting for the most flood prone regions across Australia
- A digital twin to help represent the spatial elements of disaster resilience



Geoscience Australia supports the data driven approach of Minderoo Foundation's Fire and Flood Resilience initiative to enable an understanding of where targeted investment will deliver the best outcomes for lifting Australia's resilience. We look forward to continuing to work with Minderoo Foundation on this important initiative.

Leesa Carson Branch Head, Community Safety, Geoscience Australia





CO-CONTRIBUTION OPTIONS

There are three different tiers of co-contribution represented in the table below.

Appendix 1 details the Missions and Data Collective Roadmap and milestones that will be delivered by 2025.

MFFRI will pool assets and capabilities across industry,

government, philanthropies, NGOs and the research sector globally within the MFFRI Missions framework. Anticipated monies will be collected over the course of the 2021 calendar year and would be spent in line with the MFFRI work plan and key milestones outlined in the detailed project list in Appendix 2.

| PARTNER TYPE | GOVERNANCE |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Initiative Level Partners | Seat on the MFFRI Advisory Board |
| Project Level Partners | Project Level Advisory |
| Resilience Blueprint Partner | Blueprint Advisory |

FUNDING STRUCTURES

1. MFFRI Project Partner Types

Below is an overview of the different partner types for the Initiative in support of Missions and the Resilience Data Collective.

- Direct Financial: Provides direct funding for the MFFRI program or specific projects.
- Indirect Financial: Contributes funding to activities such as existing programs or infrastructure that are directly aligned to the MFFRI program of work and provide relevant and beneficial outcomes.
- In-Kind: Provides resources at the project level, such as specialised talent or research that are directly aligned to the MFFRI program of work and deliver relevant outcomes which can be applied as part of that program.
- Data: Provides data to assist in problem definition, decision support or impact measurement.

2. Existing Partners

More than 55 partners across corporate, government, philanthropy and research sectors have assisted in the development of the Resilience Blueprint (see page 40). In some cases, those organisations have also collaborated and co-contributed to projects.

Benefits on MFFRI Work Program Partners of Co-Contribution

The benefits for any participant in the MFFRI Work Program are as follows:

- Public good: The MFFRI program
 of work offers an evidence base
 which measures economic,
 societal and environmental
 outcomes. Be part of a program
 that is pooling resources to
 lift resilience against fires and
 floods for the greater public
 good to lessen the impact and
 associated costs of these events
 in the future.
- Leveraged contributions: Any contribution in the program will benefit from leverage with others co-contributing alongside to achieve the Mission, workstreams and projects. This means that every dollar that you contribute will receive both a financial and a resilience impact outcome multiplier.
- Missions methodology: You
 will gain experience using the
 Missions methodology to solve
 the global issue of disaster
 resilience by bringing partners
 together across sectors to
 enable whole of system change.
 This model is used by the
 Defense Advanced Research
 Projects Agency (DARPA) in
 the United States to apply deep
 science and technology to solve
 complex national challenges.
- Access to emerging sciences and technology: By cocontributing towards the work streams and the Missions, initiative partners will be exposed to the following methods and technologies through collaborating with other partners:
 - Artificial intelligence and machine learning, including computer vision and hyperspectral imaging
 - Sensor technologies
 - Satellite and spatial intelligence technologies
 - Risk modelling methods
 - Autonomous systems
 - Knowledge sharing methods
 - Behavioural economics methods

- Landscape instrumentation
- Advanced materials
- Natural capital accounting methods
- Water management methods
- Accelerated research translation methods.
- Talent: The MFFRI Work
 Program will be a platform for building relationships across organisations and jurisdictions.
 These connections will be of value beyond this initiative.
- Accelerated learning: The MFFRI Work Program will collaborate with the best and draw on global best practices with transparent reporting to ensure that capabilities and knowledge is lifted for all stakeholders.
- Policy influence: The MFFRI
 Work Program will lobby
 for policy changes where
 necessary. Given the scale
 of the activities and profile of
 participants, it will be a powerful
 voice into governments.
- Geographic prioritisation:
 Participants will be able to influence the geographic focus of projects, especially in the case of the pilot projects, ahead of scaling successful outcomes nationally or globally.
- Brand benefits: The MFFRI Work Program has a high profile domestically in Australia. The launch of the Program in September 2020 captured the attention of 6.2 million people, or a quarter of the Australian population. It led to 137 unique TV and 67 unique radio spots. The Initiative will continue to build profile domestically and overseas including with consumers. This could include a travelling global art exhibition to showcase the Missions, workstreams and projects, and recognise first responders and the human spirit as well as the impact of extreme weather events.

Impact philanthropy network:
 Build new relationships with
 a range of partners, including
 philanthropies, corporates,
 government, research and
 community organisations both
 in Australia and internationally.

INVESTMENT FUND

We are exploring the establishment of a separate investment fund and due diligence is currently being conducted on the structure of an participation in that fund. In the event that a fund is established, it will be professionally managed by a third party and would not be part of MFFRI.

GOVERNANCE OF THE MFFRI WORK PROGRAM

1. Measuring Outcomes

Progress reporting will take place on a quarterly basis for the individual projects, the Missions and the Work Program in accordance with the impact measurement protocols. The Missions methodology provides a clear baseline and success measures which tie into progress reporting. Where existing measurement protocols don't exist, they will be created and communicated on a quarterly basis. Reporting will also take place on the Resilience Offset.

It is anticipated that financial leverage will be achieved by all MFFRI participants, as will an impact multiplier on all completed projects.

2. Stakeholder Management

Rear Admiral Lee Goddard, former Commander of Maritime Border Command and Commander Joint Agency Taskforce Operation Sovereign Borders has been recruited to lead partner development and is responsible for partner management. Additionally, MFFRI will actively utilise the core Minderoo Foundation Partnerships team, systems and processes to ensure tight alignment across all projects with partners. MFFRI will offer partnership experience, which includes branding and influence opportunities.

3. Exceptional Talent to Deliver Impact

See page number 42 for further information on the extensive experience of the MMFRI leadership team.



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BackTrack CEO Bernie Shakeshaft (far left) and Minderoo Chairman Andrew Forrest (second from left) with the Minderoo Foundation Fire and Flood Resilience initiative and BackTrack teams. Photo Credit: Fire and Flood Resilience team

APPENDIX 1: MISSIONS AND RESILIENCE DATA COLLECTIVE ROADMAP AND MILESTONES



FIRE SHIELD

Reduce the scale and impact of bushfires by being able to extinguish dangerous fires within an hour by 2025.

MID '20 END '20 MID '21 END '21 END '22 END '23 END '24 END '25



DETECT

- Automated ground fire detection
- Multi hazard monitoring and warning times improvement
- Fire detection using multiple platforms (ground, air, satellite)
- Real time reliable detection from ground, aerial and satellite
 - Real time integration with multiple sensing capabilities for improved situational awareness



SHARE

- Prioritised community assets
 - Reduced communication black spots
- Interface for on ground decision making
- National warning system with two way citizen communication



DRENICT

- Bushfire prediction model (Beta test)
 - Real-time models for augmented decision-making
- Bushfire prediction capability rolled out nationally
 - New catastrophe, landscape and hazard models to enhance prediction



RESPOND

- Testing of novel suppressants and application technology
 - Australian standard test of new environmentally benign fire suppressants
 - Improved efficacy of response methods
- Australian tested DIY suppressant kits for general public use
 - Automated response scenarios based on early detection and prediction
 - Improved efficacy of response methods



HEALTHY LANDSCAPES

Halve hazard exposure in Australia's 50 most fire and flood prone regions by 2025.

MID '20 **END '20** MID '21 END '21 **END '22 END '23**



LANDSCAPE KNOWLEDGE

- Measuring landscape resilience in pilot locations
- Imaging for wildlife populations
- Published evidence for Cultural Land Management
- Landscape and Wildlife Digital Twin
- Long term landscape health modelling
 National Wildlife Census



LANDSCAPE ACTION

- Cultural Land Management National Network
- Rapid regeneration for resilience
- Adoption of Cultural Land Management Practice Internationally
- Citizen Science landscape health monitoring
- Resilient Land Adaptation Insurance scheme
- Hazard Reduction Native Landscaping Tool
- Automated Hazard Reduction seasonal forecasts and action plans



NDSCAPE INVESTMENT.....

- · Register of natural capital assets in priority regions
- Resilient Landscape Asset & Natural Capital Modelling
- Natural Capital Assets Data Standardisation

• Incentive model in practice: Resilient Landscapes Superfund Investments



RESILIENT COMMUNITIES

Lift Australia's 50 most vulnerable communities to be on par with Australia's 50 most resilient communities by 2025 dangerous fires within an hour by 2025.

MID '20 END '20 MID '21 END '21 END '22 END '23 END '24 END '25



I FANFRCHID

- Resilience training and plan development (Pilot)
- Scaled resilience plan development in 100 communities
- Digital library Community Resilience Plans for peer learning

 Business Resilience Plans development and digital library



KNOWLEDGE

- Local Disaster Resilience Built Environment Toolkits
- Peer to peer community learning
- Interface for on ground decision making

 Volunteer army national database

- Schools Resilience Knowledge building
- ranowiougo bunumg

Mental Health awareness

Local Disaster Resilience Awareness



RESOURCES

- Temporary housing for emergency deployment
- Volunteer corps activated
- Repositioned response/ recovery capabilities
- Utility Infrastructure disaster resilience upgrade scheme



INVECTMENT

- Measuring resilience return on investment
 - Built Environment Resilience toolkits and Incentives
- Australian tested Shared Risk Model Advocacy
- · Landscaping for infrastructure protection
- DIY suppressant kits for general public use



RESILIENCE DATA COLLECTIVE

Building a trusted system for resilience data and collaboration.

MID '20 END '20 MID '21 END '21 END '22 END '23 END '24 END '25



EVIDENCE BASE

- Mission Progress Measures
 Data Ecosystem Map
 - Fire Hazard Analysis Tools

• Flood Hazard Analysis Tools



DATA STANDARDS

- Federated platforms for sharing hazard and resilience data
- Localised community relative asset value and priorities
- Localised exposure, vulnerability and resilience measures



DATA SHARING

- Member-based data sharing collective
- Nationally coordinated publicprivate data sharing platform
- Research Sector Data Commons for Resilience

APPENDIX 2: MISSIONS AND RESILIENCE DATA **COLLECTIVE DETAILED PROJECT LIST**



FIRE SHIELD

What if a fire never became a disaster?

Mission: reduce the scale and impact of bushfires by being able to extinguish dangerous fires within an hour by 2025.

Work Stream Description Code **Program Element Outcomes** Milestones



DETECT

| | A combination of emerging technologies will provide us with more accurate, near real time detection and understanding of fires, allowing communities time to safely evacuate and emergency services more time to respond | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|-------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Ground Sensing | | FS003 | Automated ground fire detection pilot | Improved speed and accuracy of detection of fires through ground situational awareness | | | |
| | | FS012 | Real time reliable ignition, fire, smoke, and weather data from ground, aerial and satellite sensors (for prediction models) | | | | |
| Aerial detection | Real-time ignition, fire, smoke, weather sensing and fire monitoring through aerial monitoring, both using current line scanning systems, unmanned systems and dual use systems such as domestic aircraft | FS012 | Real time reliable ignition, fire, smoke, and weather data from ground, aerial and satellite sensors (for prediction models) | Improved fire monitoring and response times with inclusion of new aerial information sources | | | |
| Satellite detection | Real-time ignition, fire, smoke sensing and fire monitoring through satellites. Improved sensing capabilities, more frequent passes, leading to permanent monitoring down to 1m ² | FS001 | Open-source Al Innovation R&D Challenge to assess utility of Al for fire detection and modelling using satellite imagery | Improved fire monitoring and response times with inclusion of new satellite information sources | | | |
| | | FS012 | Real time reliable ignition, fire, smoke, and weather data from ground, aerial and satellite sensors (for prediction models) | | | | |
| Multi-hazard sensing | Real-time and predictive sensing and modelling for floods. Real- time, easy to use information source for multiple hazard types | FS014 | Improved hazard monitoring and warning times data | Improved, real time hazard monitoring and warning times | | | |

| Work Stream | Description | Code | Program Element Milestones | Outcomes |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------|--|--|
| New situational awareness inputs | Novel detection and monitoring capabilities, including citizen sensing | FS008 | Innovation showcase program or pilot projects for detection technology specific for EMS use, i.e. social listening tools for EMS or early warning detection (early flowering) | Innovative detection & monitoring, including two-way communication between general public and first responders |
| | | FS021 | Real time integration with multiple sensing capabilities for improved situational awareness | |
| Information fusion | Integration of multiple imaging and data feeds into a single information sharing platform and combined with AI/ML for improved situational awareness | FS006 | Ongoing real time detection of hazards with fusion of information from ground, aerial & satellite improving situational awareness | Nationwide situational awareness platform acting as a single source of truth across all agencies & jurisdictions |
| | SHARE | gating anal | weie and charing data in clos | e to real time can substantially improve |



Improvements in capturing, aggregating, analysis and sharing data in close to real time can substantially improve situational awareness and the quality of decision making. The integration of multiple information sources into tailored, actionable hazard notifications will provide the appropriate information in a format that aids decisions by emergency services personnel and provides timely information for the community.

| Asset Prioritisation | Digital solution for on the ground emergency services to identify asset prioritisation at a local, state and national level | FS005 | Digital solution for EMS to prioritise assets during disaster | Improved management of assets before during and after disaster events |
|---------------------------|--|-------|---|--|
| Communication integrity | Communication backup systems for continuous communication throughout emergency situations when ground based comms infrastructure is damaged | FS007 | Reduction of communication black spots through satellite & MESH networks | Open communication for everyone during emergency situations, regardless of damage to infrastructure (focus on emergency services) |
| Augmented decision making | Incorporation of multiple information sources into a display system which delivers necessary actionable information based on recipient, whether in HQ, on a truck or in public | FS020 | UX & interface situational awareness platform for on ground decision making | A UX platform which integrates multiple input sources for real time situational awareness and improved decision making on the ground, and in the air |
| National warning systems | Integration of jurisdictional information overlayed with new knowledge to provide clear and consistent information to the public. Needs government ownership | FS009 | National warning system with two-way citizen communication, and interactive information display | Public warning systems are consistently available across jurisdictions and along borders. |

P.30 Minderoo Foundation

| Work Stream | Description | Code | Program Element Milestones | Outcomes |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------|---|---|
| Two-way information sharing | Two-way information between services including EMS on the ground, aerial, at HQ as well as between agencies including across jurisdictions or between fire fighters and national parks/ SES, etc. Citizens are not only the recipients of information, they can also provide valuable intelligence to enhance situational awareness during fires. Whether through social media feeds or direct imaging | FS009 | National warning system with two-way citizen communication, and interactive information display | Citizen data input is used as a layer to feed situational awareness |
| | PREDICT | | | |
| 14 | Improving how tools predict fire b | | , , | ons use those tools to ties. As with any modelling problem, dat |

these tools and our responses. Modelling and AI overlayed with accurate weather, landscape and asset data can accurately predict the spread and intensity of any fire and also help build response scenarios based on risk

| National bushfire simulation | · | FS016 | Development of additional hazard simulation capabilities | Improved prediction of dangerous fires and other hazards through weather, fuel load and topography statistics |
|--------------------------------|--|-------|---|--|
| | | FS002 | National Bushfire prediction model available for testing to EMS | |
| Novel multi- hazard models | The development of additional hazard simulation capability including smoke, cyclone that aims to: improve the assessment of risk across climate and short-term weather driven timescales; optimise the benefits and reduce the costs of disaster recovery? | FS013 | Real time, ongoing and reliable landscape data to feed into prediction models to enhance accuracy | Real-time and predictive situational modelling for floods. |
| Decision scenarios | ecision Support decision making in real | FS015 | Improved bushfire prediction model integrated in all fire agency platforms | Improved decision making based on predicted multiple outcome scenarios |
| | | FS017 | Augmented decision- making platform for disasters | |
| Predictive modelling inputs | modelling inputs feed into prediction modelling | FS013 | Real time, ongoing and reliable landscape data to feed into prediction models to enhance accuracy | Real time and reliable data sets to feed into prediction models to enhance accuracy. Data sets include topographic, fuel load density, and canopy height |
| | | FS024 | Repurposed catastrophe and hazard model | |

Work Stream Description Code **Program Element Outcomes** Milestones **RESPOND** As larger, longer and more simultaneous fires demand more from our firefighters and firefighting resources, close collaboration between states will be vital. There is a range of promising technologies to trial, adopt, scale and integrate into Australian emergency response systems. Suppressants Encouraging the creation FS004 Manufacturing & Provide Australian certified and tested and environmentally friendly fire of more fire retardant and innovation programs suppressant options in Australia for suppressants and suppressant solutions for EMS use application technology (ground, aerial & private FS010 Australian standards and testing capability of environmentally benign fire suppressants Novel delivery Explore new delivery systems FS004 Manufacturing & New delivery systems outside of fire to assist in responding to fires systems innovation programs trucks and helicopters. Increasing the which can be utilised to enhance for suppressants and use of UAVs or other technology to respond speed and accuracy application technology efficiently respond to fires nationwide during disasters (ground, aerial & private use) FS011 Research & analysis on efficacy of response methods Australian tested DIY Home use Exploration of DIY suppressants FS019 Home use suppressant kits for personal suppressant kits for suppressant for general public use use amongst the general public general public use New skills/jobs With the introduction of new FS018 Education programs and Highlight of new jobs created with the technologies, there will be a career paths for new introduction of technology in the bushfire number of new jobs created that resilience work. Training programs and technology training will require bushfire expertise clear career paths to upskill workers on the technology adopted FS022 Logistics and Modelling the most efficient Optimised response Optimal firefighting response operational staging and use of firefighting capability and logistics methodologies applicable in various analysis assets, both aerial and ground scenario support scenarios with time to response information for EMS FS011 Research & analysis on efficacy of response methods

FS023

FS025

On ground, automated response scenarios based on early

detection and prediction

Research validated, optimal disaster response method

information

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HEALTHY LANDSCAPES

What if our environment was optimised for risk reduction and natural ecosystem resilience?

Mission: Halve hazard exposure in Australia's 50 most fire and flood prone regions by 2025.

Work Stream Code **Program Element** Outcomes Description Milestones



KNOWLEDGE

| | Work with others to build a nationa understand disaster risk and ecos | _ | · · · · · · | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------|---|--|
| Landscape Instrumentation | Continuous and real time measurement of landscape attributes from the ground, air and satellite that give high resolution information about the land's hazard and exposure resilience and / or risk such as | HL010 | Consistent measurement of hazard exposure & risk: Multilayer Landscape Instrumentation Ground, Air, Satellite in pilot regions | Improved assessment of bushfire and flood risk and ecosystem health. Automated measurement and instrumentation of landscapes for building natural capital accounting and improve assessment of bushfire risk and ecosystem health |
| | fuel load, soil moisture levels, | HL008 | Instrumentation Pilots | , |
| | erosion | HL003 | Landscape health long term projection modelling | |
| Asset building and classification | The articulation and understanding of the relationship of landscapes and species to surrounding communities and land uses | HL010 | Consistent measurement of hazard exposure & risk: Multilayer Landscape Instrumentation Ground, Air, Satellite in pilot regions. Build an environmental, cultural and built asset database | Knowledge of environmental, cultural and built assets in the landscape for decision prioritisation |
| Cultural Land Management | Building of traditional land management practice for fire and water and health of landscapes according to traditional indigenous methods and building an evidence base and education to support use of traditional land management methods with both public and private land-owners | HL0009 | Cultural Land Management Education Network and Resources | Empowerment of traditional land management practitioners and recognition of traditional land management knowledge for landscape action |
| Resilient Wildlife Monitoring | Understanding of community / regional level wildlife populations | HL012 | National Wildlife Census | Wildlife populations living database available at national, state, regional and |
| | in hazard prone areas and the plan to protect them prior, during and post disaster. Understanding of how wildlife population | HLO11 | Drone thermal imaging for wildlife populations | community levels. Endangered species in hazard prone landscapes seen as protectable asset Knowledge base to improve local action |
| | interact with resilient landscapes | HL017 | Digital Twin Ecology and Wildlife Initiative | for wildlife resilience |

Work Stream Description Code Program Element Outcomes Milestones



ACTION

Implement locally adapted land practices which recognise both fuel load management and ecosystem needs and provide education, skill-building and job creation

| Traditional Land Management: Practice | Management: traditional land management Practice practice for resilient landscapes adopted by public and private land owners across Australia to make land more resilient to | HL004 | Cultural Land Management Pilot | More resilient landscape to fire and flood through reduced fuel load and improved water management using traditional |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| (Traditional owners/ Indigenous land management) | | HL005 | Scale fee for service Cultural Land Management Practice Nationally | methods. Development of employment opportunities for indigenous land practitioners through broad adoption of appropriate traditional land. |
| | | HL019 | Adoption of Cultural Land Management Practice Internationally | of appropriate traditional land management practices |
| Land adaptation and planning | Preparation of land (private and public) to reduce hazard exposure | HL014 | Rapid Regeneration Resilience Programs: (e.g. Drone seeding) | Accurate and actionable risk-based frameworks that can be applied to a range of natural and built landscape |
| | | HL004 | Cultural Land Management Pilot | contexts Improved post-disaster recovery of native species |
| | | HL007 | Hazard reduction landscaping tool | Employment / job creation for traditional land management with private landowners |
| Land regeneration (hazard exposed land) | Regeneration of land post fire and flood events to reduce hazard exposure | HL014 | Rapid Regeneration Resilience Programs: (e.g. Drone seeding) | Actionable risk-based frameworks for regeneration that can be applied to a range of natural landscape contexts Improved post-disaster recovery of native species |
| Citizen ecology and hazard monitoring | Use of apps and platform that engage citizens in providing insights / data about health of landscapes pre- and post-disaster. Records observations of flora, fauna and fungi in areas affected by bushfires | HL006 | Citizen Science: Al Wildlife and Ecology monitoring scale up (international) | Large scale data collection and analytics bringing new knowledge on flora and fauna within the landscape. Improved knowledge of landscape health and threatened species within the community |
| Hazard Incorporate land preparation as part of community leadership disaster risk planning preparation | part of community leadership | HL018 | Automated Hazard Reduction hyper local seasonal forecasts and action plans | Accurate and actionable risk-based frameworks that can be applied to a range of natural and built landscape contexts |
| | HL015 | Hazard Reduction adaptation resilience and land value scheme (risk reduction and insurance premiums) | | |

Work Stream Description Code Program Element Outcomes Milestones



INVESTMENT

Implement locally adapted land practices which recognise both fuel load management and ecosystem needs and provide education, skill-building and job creation

| Natural Capital: Inputs and incentivisation | Incentives for different types of land / regions (e.g. farming, private, public) to measure the health of their landscape and provide inputs to ascertain health and value of the natural environment. (The System of Environmental Economic Accounts (SEEA)) | HL013 | Resilient Landscape Asset Modelling - natural capital accounting validated with partners in pilot regions | New environmental investment models which provide incentives for land management for fire and flood resilience |
|---|---|-------|--|--|
| | | HL016 | Incentive model in practice: Resilient Landscapes Superfund Investments | |
| Natural Capital: Outputs | Investment model development suitable for different regions/ types of land for hazard risk reduction | HL001 | Register of natural capital assets in hazard prone regions. Testing of return on investment models | Resilience-based land investments are more economic viable and accessible |
| Natural Capital: Standardisation | Standardised valuation measurement of natural capital and natural capital investment | HL002 | National Capital Assets Data Standardisation Recommendation | Landscape as an asset is can be standardised and valued across regions / nationally |



RESILIENT COMMUNITIES

What if every community had the skills and resources to mitigate their fire and flood disaster risk and bounce back stronger?

Mission: lift Australia's 50 most vulnerable communities to be on par with Australia's 50 most resilient communities by 2025.

Work Stream Description Code Program Element Outcomes Milestones



LEADERSHIP

Enable local leaders to develop and enact resilience plans

| D ''' | D 1 112 113 | D0000 | 0 1 1 111 | 0 22 201 |
|--|--|-------|---|--|
| Resilience Planning | Develop and deliver training modules designed to improve the leadership capacity of current and emerging leaders. Resilience plans may include infrastructure development, exercising disaster scenarios, recovery planning and preparation, economic planning, asset prioritisation, land use planning and mitigation planning. | RC006 | Complete resilience training and plan development in 10 communities. | Communities will have local leaders who are able to work within their communities and together with government and non-government bodies to develop and maintain Disaster Resilience Plans |
| | | RC015 | Scale resilience training and plan development to 100 communities | |
| Hyper local disaster Preparation | Create Disaster Resilience Plan Guidelines for use by Community Leaders when working within their communities in Plan development. Hyper local preparedness | RC016 | 500 Community Resilience Plans digital library | That community Leaders are given the resources to prepare targeted plans to their communities, which are accessible by landowners and visitors |
| | | RC018 | 100 Business Resilience Plans digital library | |
| Economic bounce back Planning | Provide support and guidance to communities as they develop recovery plans focused on economic resilience | RC018 | 100 Business Resilience Plans digital library | Community leaders are given the resources to prepare targeted plans to their communities, which are accessible by landowners and visitors |
| Community Cohesiveness | Provide support and guidance to communities as they develop recovery plans focused on community cohesiveness | RC016 | 500 Community Resilience Plans digital library Peer to peer community | Communities have access to infrastructure and resources needed to enhance community cohesion |
| | | RC012 | learning program Local Disaster Resilience Awareness Campaign | |

Work Stream Description Code Program Element Outcomes Milestones



KNOWLEDGE

Accelerate the creation of new models of resilience education, training and accreditation for generational change

| Data and knowledge sharing | dge shared for improved planning | RC002 | Identify initial communities for resilience building | Communities are able to share knowledge about identifying risk and have the knowledge to introduce |
|---|---|-------|--|--|
| | | RC004 | Local Disaster Resilience Toolkits | mitigation strategies |
| | | RC012 | Local Disaster Resilience Awareness Campaign | |
| Community Health | Programs aiming to build community cohesiveness through local events and knowledge building. Make an Entertainment Pod available for | RC009 | Mental Health awareness Program | Gatekeepers receive the skills needed to identify community members who may need assistance with a mental health issue |
| | community engagement. Provide a Pilot Training initiative to Community Gatekeepers in the NSW Lower East Coast | RC012 | Local Disaster Resilience Awareness Campaign | |
| School Emergency Management and Resilience training | Development of nationally consistent emergency management training and volunteer programs at high school level. Pilot: Assessment of the Gingin High School Cadetship Program | RC003 | Schools Resilience Program | Build ongoing volunteer capacity and knowledge of disaster resilience through education and training in high school level |
| Volunteer accreditation program | Volunteer accreditation programs, which identify the skills and characteristics require to support resilience programs | RC017 | Volunteer national database | Accredited program for volunteers |
| Community peer to peer learning | Community learning networks | RC011 | Peer to peer community learning program | Communities prepare, adapt and recover more effectively through learning of lessons and support provided through peer networks |
| | | | | |



RESOURCES

Simplify access to resources before, during and after a disaster event

| Response Recovery Resourcing | Developing a plan for FFR to action in a future event requiring on the ground action. Complete the roll out of Accommodation Pods and redeploy used units as they are returned. Service and place into storage at the completion of this phase of the operation | RC001 | Temporary housing resources established for emergency deployment | Have an effective strategy to respond to any disaster requiring a FFR response |
|--|---|-------|---|---|
| Resilience resource coordination | Support installation of Fire Fighting and response/ recovery resources in strategic locations to support community preparedness and recovery | RC005 | Prepositioned response/ recovery capabilities | Fire fighting and response/recovery capacities upgraded through prioritisation and long-term community planning |

| Work Stream | Description | Code | Program Element Milestones | Outcomes |
|------------------------------|--|-------|--|---|
| Infrastructure continuity | Support ongoing availability of infrastructure in strategic locations to support community preparedness and recovery | RC014 | Utility Infrastructure disaster resilience upgrade scheme (communications, energy water) | Provision of accredited volunteers for a range of needs |
| Volunteers | Alignment of volunteer programs to needs and skills within the community | RC010 | Volunteer corps pilot activated | Accredited program for volunteers which provides skilled volunteer resource before during and after disaster events |



INVESTMENT

Accelerate new investment models to help shift the balance of investment from recovery to resilience

| Built environment resilience | Planning tools and insurance incentivisation for resilience of built environment | RC008 | Built Environment Resilience Toolkit and Incentives | The creation of practical steps to follow when planning, building and retrofitting at risk communities |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------|---|--|
| Resilient and prepared infrastructure | Preparedness investments in infrastructure protection designed to manage ignition risk | RC007 | Landscaping for infrastructure protection | More resilient infrastructure and reduced ignition |
| Shared risk | Developing and implementing shared risk models for built environment | RC013 | Shared Risk Model Advocacy: landholder, mortgage lenders and insurance | Improved preparation and recovery through shared risk and resilience incentivisation |
| Shifting the dial | Recognising the need for increased investment in Resilient Community Infrastructure | RC008 | Built Environment Resilience Toolkit and Incentives | Funding is allocated to making communities more effective and resilient as opposed to responding to a disaster |
| | | | Landscaping for infrastructure protection | |



RESILIENCE DATA COLLECTIVE

What if we can understand and quantify hazard risk, exposure and vulnerability across our communities and environments?

Our future in 2025: We have a common, trusted system for sharing significant national and global fire and flood resilience data to support decision making and action.

| Work Stream | Project Description | Code | Program Element Milestones | Outcomes |
|----------------|---|--------|---|--|
| | Overall Program Management & Consulting | RDC000 | Applies to all initiative and mission objectives | Parallelise streams of work and increase capacity to address significantly higher number of use cases |
| Evidence Base | Mission Dashboards | RDC001 | Empower missions with evidence and measures in a self-service form to make project and priority decisions | Missions can leverage internal and external data and tools to identify new opportunities, inform key priorities and measure progress |
| | Hazard Analysis Tools | RDC002 | Provide the FFRI initiative, partners, and ecosystem stakeholders evidence to help understand and manage bushfire and flood risk in Australia | Data and analysis of bushfire and flood hazard risk exposure, vulnerability, and resilience levels to provide the FFRI initiative, partners, and ecosystem stakeholders with tools to inform resilience investments |
| | Resilience Communities Evidence Analysis | RDC003 | Long term mission investment prioritisation based on fire and flood hazard risk to support and inform Resilient Communities mission objectives | The mission team has the data analysis and insights necessary to develop prioritised roadmap aligned with missio objectives and to identify, inform and prioritise related projects |
| | Healthy Landscapes Evidence Analysis | RDC004 | Long term mission investment prioritisation based on fire and flood hazard risk to support and inform Healthy Landscapes mission objectives | The mission team has the data analysis and insights necessary to develop prioritised roadmap aligned with missio objectives and to identify, inform and prioritise related projects |
| | Fire Shield Evidence Analysis | RDC005 | Long term mission investment prioritisation based on fire and flood hazard risk to support and inform Fire Shield mission objectives | The mission team has the data analysis and insights necessary to develop prioritised roadmap aligned with missio objectives and to identify, inform and prioritise related projects |
| Data Standards | Community Asset Database | RDC006 | Support common operating picture for community scale resilience, response, and recovery | High risk regions have a standardised database of community assets with key attributes and relative importance available for designing preparedness, response and recovery to fire and flood |

| Work Stream | Project Description | Code | Program Element Milestones | Outcomes |
|-----------------------------|---|--------|---|---|
| Data Sharing | Resilience Data Collective | RDC007 | Broad multi-sector contribution of knowledge, expertise, resources, and data | A multi-stakeholder collaboration is established to collaborate on addressing key resilience use cases at an ecosystem level |
| | Data Ecosystem Map | RDC008 | Intelligence on disaster resilience data ecosystem stakeholders | Illustrate the data infrastructure and stakeholders in the fire and flood disaster resilience ecosystem to support the initiative, missions, and partners to identify gaps, identify opportunities and creation of value. |
| | Bushfire Research Data Commons | RDC009 | Research sector enablement for advancement of understanding of resilience | An ARDC bushfire data common in support of the research sector is established and made available publicly with contributions from government and industry |
| Technology & Data Platforms | Resilience Index Scale Up & Refresh | RDC010 | Establish national scale platform to baseline and measure resilience levels at community and statistical area levels | The Australian National Disaster Resilience Index (ANDRI) is extended to include localised community data and updated with periodic refreshes |
| | Flood Extended Forecasting Platform | RDC011 | Enhanced prediction for flood hazard | Create a BOM supported platform that provides extended flood forecasting for to Nepean Valley that it is extended to all high-risk flood catchments nationally |
| | Digital Twin for Disaster Resilience | RDC012 | Disaster related spatial intelligence | State (NSW, VIC & QLD) sponsored digital twin platforms are able to ingest and provide fire and flood related resilience, response and recovery intelligence for access by authorities, industry and the public |

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Australia



Finch



Firetech Connect



Fortescue



Givit



Hertz



IAG



Insurance Council of Australia



International Union for Conservation of Nature



KPMG



Lifeline



Macquarie Infrastructure and Real Assets



Movember



Munic Re



National Australia Bank (NAB)



National Bushfire Recovery Agency



Optus



Resilience New South Wales



Resilient Cities Catalyst



Risk Frontiers



Rotary Australia World Community Service Limited



Science & Technology Australia



Suncorp



SwissRe



Telstra



The B Team Australasia



The Nature Conservancy



The Salvation Army



Turner



Wesfarmers



Westpac



MFFRI has a range of other partners in addition to the Blueprint partners.

MEET THE TEAM



Adrian Turner

CEO, Fire and Flood Resilience initiative, Minderoo Foundation

Adrian is an experienced corporate leader and has a strong track record of building innovative companies and organisations that tackle complex challenges.

At Minderoo Foundation, Adrian is CEO of the Fire and Flood Resilience initiative which was established in January 2020 with a \$70 million commitment from Andrew and Nicola Forrest. The collaborative Initiative aims to see Australia become a global leader in fire and flood resilience by 2025.

In addition to his responsibilities at the Minderoo Foundation Adrian has co-chaired AustCyber, the national Program to build a vibrant domestic cybersecurity industry.

Prior to joining the Minderoo Foundation, Adrian was the

founding CEO of CSIRO's Data61, the digital and data specialist arm of Australia's national science agency.

He previously spent 18 years in Silicon Valley and was co-founder of Borondi Group, co-founder and CEO of Mocana Corporation, had profit and loss responsibility for Philips Electronics connected devices infrastructure and was Chairman of the Board for Australia's expat network, Advance.org.

Adrian is an avid reader and writer with deep interests in AI, data economics and biosecurity, as well being an artist. He graduated from UTS and completed the Executive Program for Managing Growth Companies at Stanford University and authored the book BlueSky Mining – Building Australia's Next Billion Dollar Industries.



Karen O'Connor

Missions Lead, Fire and Flood Resilience initiative, Minderoo Foundation

Karen is responsible for the design and delivery of a series of large-scale, multi-disciplinary, outcome-focused Missions. These Missions will draw on national and global expertise to accelerate innovation in mitigating bushfires and other natural disasters to help Australia become a global leader in fire and flood resilience before 2030.

Karen has been designing large scale innovation programs for a number of years at Minderoo Foundation, CSIRO - Australia's national science agency and the Department of Defence.

She was previously Director of National Digital Missions

at CSIRO's Data61, part of a team aiming to drive national scale outcomes and deliver a transformative model for the Australian industrial research sector.

Karen also had a long-standing career with Defence Science and Technology and played an integral role in the delivery of the \$730 million Next Generation Technologies Fund, including the development of their Grand Challenges program.

Karen has a Ph.D. in Medicine and a Master of Public Health. Prior to her work in innovation programs Karen was a researcher in molecular biology and epidemiology and has wide-ranging applied research experience addressing autoimmune diseases, HIV, field-deployable diagnostics and traumatic brain injury.

MEET THE TEAM



Lee Goddard

Head of Partnerships, Fire and Flood Resilience initiative, Minderoo Foundation

Rear Admiral Lee Goddard CSC, RAN, recently completed his tenure as Commander Maritime Border Command and Commander Joint Agency Task Force Operation Sovereign Borders, to join Minderoo Foundation after a decorated career serving for over three decades in the Royal Australian Navy.

RADM Goddard leads Minderoo Foundation's Fire and Flood Resilience initiative network of collaborators.

Prior to his promotion to Rear Admiral – the second highest rank within the Royal Australian Navy – RADM Goddard was seconded as a Branch Head to the Department of Prime Minister and Cabinet.

During this secondment RADM Goddard served as International Policy Branch Head and then Head of the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (Papua New Guinea) Task Force. In this role he led the whole of government coordination of Australia's logistics, event and security support to PNG for its hosting of the APEC summit in Port Moresby in 2018.

Throughout his career RADM Goddard has commanded a number of warships and served at sea aboard Australian, Canadian, Malaysian and US Navy ships, and on operations in the Middle East. He was awarded the Conspicuous Service Cross (CSC) in 2007.



John Sukkar

Data Ecosystems Lead, Fire and Flood Resilience initiative, Minderoo Foundation

John is charged with establishing and growing a data collective across the national and global disaster response, recovery, and resilience ecosystem to up lift our collective capabilities and serve as an evidence base for our fire and flood resilience Missions.

The Resilience Data Collective will form the basis of the program in collaboration with key partners in the national and global system; and a vision to creating a model for federated data sharing that establishes Australia as a world leader in this space.

John has extensive experience leading product engineering teams in enterprise, large scale cloud and consumer products. Before returning to Australia in 2019, he spent 17 years in the US and led product development programs at Microsoft, launching several global product releases in Office365, Windows10 and Xbox; as well as new product launches in Clinical Trial Management and Biotech solutions.

Prior to joining us, John was Director, Engineering and Design at the CSIRO's Data61 and led the team that launched data.gov.au, nationalmap.gov.au and a number of other key initiatives.

John has a degree in Mechatronic Engineering from the Western Sydney University, is a UNSW AGSM alumni; and holds a number of industry certifications including PMI PMP, Scrum Master and ITIL.

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